





NEWS

Term Card for Easter Term online Heritage Seminars announced!

The Cambridge Heritage Research Centre is pleased to continue to make its weekly <u>heritage seminar series</u> publically available via Zoom this year. We thank all our speakers who have shared their research and work in the heritage sector during a difficult period,

As is traditional we have a shorter, but equally diverse and exciting, line-up of speakers organised this term and are delighted that the series will resume with three further seminars from 29 April 2021.

Our first seminar this term, jointly hosted with the <u>Cambridge Migration Society</u>, will be given by Dr Shihan de Silva Jayasuriya (School of Advanced Study, University of London) who will speak on 'Linguistic and Musical Heritage of Afrodescendants in South Asia'.

More on pages 2 to 4.

COVER STORY

National COVID Memorial Wall, London

This memorial was established by the campaign group "Bereaved Families for Justice" in March 2021. Extending over one-third of a mile along the Thames, in front of St. Thomas's Hospital and opposite the Palaces of Westminster, the recent memorial features hand-painted approximately 150,000 hearts. representing each UK victim of the COVID-19 pandemic to date. The memorial makes real the statistics that so many of us have followed over the last year, and upon closer look one can see the names and commemorations that visitors have added onto individual hearts. In a time where regular funeral and grieving rites have been abruptly halted, the memorial provides a site for families, friends, and a nation to collectively remember prematurely lost loved ones as we emerge from isolation.

Image: National COVID Memorial Wall| © Rebecca Haboucha.



Cambridge Heritage Research Centre and the Cambridge Migration Society hosts

Linguistic and Musical Heritage of Afrodescendants in South Asia

In the *longue durée*, voluntary Africans served as sailors, soldiers, missionaries, jurists and traders. Colonial archives and historical sources narrate the military achievements of involuntary Africans. A few enslaved Africans achieved unimaginable heights through the route of elite military slavery. Today, the majority of Afrodescendants fall below the radar and music has been a platform for carving out a new identity within postcoloniality. Cultural memories associated with Sufism are practised by many Afrodescendants in the sub-continent. A Catholic community of Afrodescendants in Sri Lanka offers a rare opportunity to consider memory and heritage within a diasporic framework. The community refer to a moribund "Portuguese" as "our language", and the lyrics of *manjas* have enshrined the creolised Portuguese — Sri Lanka Portuguese (historically known as Ceylon Portuguese or Indo-Portuguese of Ceylon), the lingua franca for most of the colonial era (1505-1948). The Afro-Sri Lankan community's dual heritage in language and music raise significant issues of safeguarding and revitalising.

Professor Shihan de Silva Jayasuriya, FRAS, is a Visiting Professor (Ritsumeikan University, Kyoto, Japan), a Visiting Fellow (University of Cambridge, UK) and a Senior Research Fellow (Institute of Commonwealth Studies, School of Advanced Study, University of London). She is also a winner of the Rama Watamull Collaborative Lectureship award (University of Hawaii, Manoa USA). Her research explores migration, commerce and cultural exchange in the Indian Ocean; African, Malay and Portuguese diasporas within a historical, ethnomusicological and linguistic frame.

Dr Shihan de Silva Jayasuriya

Senior Research Fellow, Institute of Commonwealth Studies
School of Advanced Study, University of London

Thursday 29 April 2021, 1pm

To receive a link to this event please register at: https://tinyurl.com/vkec37fu









Cambridge Heritage Research Centre

Invented heritage, conspiracies and martyrology: understanding some of the extremisms of the moment

This discussion of ongoing research will provide an overview of some of the contemporary and historical dynamics that influenced recent attempts by otherwise unrelated groups to storm the German Reichstag building in 2020 and the US Capitol in early 2021. It will consider the roles played by conspiracy theories, invented legacies of the past, denialism, and present-day dynamics that have encouraged the development of extremisms that seemingly pose an ever greater threat to civil peace in Western democracies. The speaker will argue that these recent events, as well as additional related phenomena, are not reducible to a singular ideology or bias, but rather a more general sense of malaise that parallel, at least in part, those found in other historical periods of the recent past.

Image Credit: "Charlottesville 'Unite the Right' Rally" by Anthony Crider is licensed under CC BY

Dr Robert Williams

Deputy Director, US Holocaust Memorial Museum

Thursday 6 May 2021, 1pm

To receive a link to this event please register at: https://tinyurl.com/2tkxm2av







Cambridge Heritage Research Centre

Easter 2021 Term Card

Thursdays 1-2pm

Seminars will be hosted on Zoom. Use the link below to visit the CHRC events page and register for a seminar: https://www.heritage.arch.cam.ac.uk/events/hrg-seminars

29 April: Shihan de Silva Jayasuriya (School of Advanced Study,

University of London)

Linguistic and Musical Heritage of Afrodescendants in South

Asia

6 May: Robert Williams (US Holocaust Memorial Museum)

Invented heritage, conspiracies and martyrology: understanding

some of the extremisms of the moment

13 May: **Póra Pétursdóttir** (University of Oslo)

Relics of Nature: An Archaeology of Natural Heritage in the High

North

HERITAGE + COLONIALISM DISCUSSION GROUP

Schedule of Events 2021

All sessions will be held at 2pm (GMT)

26 Jan | Edward Moon-Little

Chief, Priest, Soldier, King: Heritage to Aid Decolonisation

6 Apr | Sarthak Malhotra

Living with the Taj Mahal: The politics and poetics of heritage in contemporary India

9 Feb | Allegra Ayida

Nigerian heritage, memorialisation, and the legacies of colonialism: The Case of a Itsekiri Chief

20 Apr | Rebecca Haboucha

A Decolonised Heritage of the Anthropocene: A comparative case of Indigenous peoples in Canada and Chile

23 Feb | Alexandra McKeever

The limitations of decolonization? Theoretical frameworks for the legacies of slavery in the United States

4 May | Gitte Westergaard

Decolonising Animal Remains in Natural History Museums

9 Mar | Emily Deal

Colonialism at Home: Private collectors and colonial legacies in the English country house

18 May | Tom Crowley

Heritage and the Legacy of an Imperial Frontier: The Case of the Kalasha

23 Mar | Leanne Daly

Decolonizing Oblivion: The Question of Cultural Extinction and the Repatriation of Indigenous Beothuk Remains

25 May | Flaminia Bartolini

Colonial Heritage in Rome: Remembering and Forgetting Italy's Colonial Past

30 Mar | Rosalind Philips-Solomon and Anna Freed

Repatriation, Restitution, Return: The case of two Sami drums in the Cambridge Museum of Archaeology and Anthropology If you would like to join our mailing list and receive a link to the sessions, please email Mariana: mp850@cam.ac.uk



REVIEWS

DataFest 2021, University of Cambridge Museums Events

Museums hosted a series of talks exploring museum data and evaluations within the past year during the COVID-19 pandemic. Led by University Cambridge Museums' staff Sarah-Jane Harknett, Hannah Price, and Richard White, the DataFest 3) Who's been on the UCM website in the last sessions asked, "What can data tell us about the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on the University of Cambridge Museums' audiences?"

talks:

1) QR Codes in Museums- the basics and datafest-2021/ latest findings, with Sarah Jane Harknett, **UCM Evaluation Coordinator**

- Throughout March, the University of Cambridge 2) Who has visited our museums in the last With Hannah Price, **Programmes Coordinator**
 - With Richard White, **UCM Marketing Coordinator**

This question was answered through three bitesize These 30-minute talks and more can now be found on the DataFest 2021 blog here: https:// www.museums.cam.ac.uk/blog/2021/04/14/

Decolonizing Oblivion: The Question of Cultural Extinction and the Repatriation of Indigenous Beothuk Remains, by Leanne Daly

A Review of the Fifth Session of the Heritage Indigenous peoples across the globe is common in and Colonialism Discussion Group

By Leanne Daly, Alisa Santikarn, Rhea Tuli and Mariana P.L. Pereira

PhD candidate in Heritage Studies at the University of Cambridge, Leanne Daly gave a presentation on 'Decolonizing Oblivion: The Question of Cultural Beothuk Remains' on the 23rd of March 2021, as part of the Heritage and Colonialism Discussion Group. Daly provided the following summary of her presentation:

colonial and contemporary literature. This talk explored the dissonance between these discourses of cultural extinction and heritage-making in light of the repatriation of Beothuk remains from the National Museum of Scotland. The talk began by setting forth a brief archaeological timeline and history of the Beothuk people which supposedly ended with their extinction after the colonization of Newfoundland. Indigenous survival and resistance Extinction and the Repatriation of Indigenous in the face of genocide through the successful campaign for the return of Nonosabasut and Demasduit's remains was showcased while also shedding light on other ongoing processes of decolonization and commemoration Newfoundland. The question of how to decolonize oblivion, this active process of forgetting and Scholarship on the supposedly extinct Indigenous silencing Indigenous peoples, was ultimately Beothuk people of Newfoundland, Canada is sparse. presented for consideration not only in the However, the notion of "culturally extinct" discussion, but for all scholars to continually

REVIEWS

challenge when faced with terms and concepts of scientific and historical evidence can fit or conflict "extinction" in cross-disciplinary fields like with Indigenous histories. archaeology.

occurred in relation to the Beothuk people.

community claims to contentious items in their in extinction. collections. In the case of the Beothuk remains from National Museum of Scotland. Dalv's presentation revealed that the initial repatriation The Heritage and Colonialism Discussion Group was claim, which was presented on the grounds of a started by Cambridge Heritage Research Centre PhD contemporary genetic link to the bodies, was students, Alisa Santikarn and Mariana P. L. Pereira. rejected, as no direct DNA descendants could be The aim of the Discussion Group is to foster proven. It was instead the second claim, based on a conversation and knowledge sharing around the continued cultural tie to the Beothuk people by the important issue of heritage and (de)colonisation other Indigenous communities in Newfoundland, with those dealing with these issues from a diverse that was ultimately successful. Nonetheless, this range of backgrounds and experiences. To join the initial rejection prompted a discussion of issues mailing list and receive further information on the surrounding DNA as a tool for identifying a upcoming talks, relationship to human remains collections – exacerbated in instances where these remains belong to communities that may be 'extinct' according to considered Eurocentric perspectives. This prompted further will be forthcoming regarding the implications consideration privileging genetic over cultural identity repatriation, complications relating to the dissonant claims that can arise when repatriation is determined on cultural identity alone, as well as how

This discussion, which addressed the prolonged The ensuing discussion began with an interrogation institutional process that underpinned the Beothuk of the term 'extinction' and its usefulness in these repatriation, then led to the question: why is this contexts. It was argued that although 'extinction' is labour behind repatriation claims put on the an interesting term that is often used, it is never community rather than the museum? Ultimately, the problematised (for example, for its associations with conversation returned to the term 'extinction' and Darwinism). Instead, Daly suggested that 'oblivion' the role it has to play in repatriation. Wider issues is a more appropriate term because it does not imply were raised such as how the term is tied to a passive loss; as Daly argued, "extinction is not colonialism and lingering colonial ideologies - as the something that just happens". Moreover, 'oblivion' very construction of some nations was made possible also suggests the active process of forgetting that has only through the removal of Indigenous peoples. To declare an Indigenous community to be 'extinct' was therefore a 'convenient' means to facilitate nationbuilding by the European colonists. Although the Following on from this, the question of who has the Beothuk people tried to evade colonial contact by legitimacy to label a community as 'extinct' was then retreating into the interior of the island, they were raised. Other comparative case studies, including still victims to colonial genocide. The discussion that of 'Kennewick Man' were considered, and concluded that it is necessary not only to consider ultimately led to a discussion on the authority of the extinction as it appears 'on paper', but also to look at museum as an institution, in managing repatriation what is happening on the ground; asking the claims, and thereby defining the legitimacy of question where is extinction and what is happening

> please in museum mp350@cam.ac.uk.

Western/ *The review of the fourth discussion group session

CALL FOR PAPERS

Archaeological Review from Cambridge

Rethinking the Archaeology-Heritage Divide

Deadline: 21 May 2021

Theme editors: Alisa Santikarn, Elifgül Doğan, Oliver Antczak, Kim Eileen Ruf, Mariana Pinto Leitão Pereira

different, with separate theories, concerns and practices, despite dealing with the same objects of theory; study and sharing a common history. The central • Interrogating current interactions between premise of this volume argues that the current practitioners and researchers throughout the institutional and ideological division between processes of heritage and archaeology work in and the two are better viewed as interdependent and archaeology sites and museums; between the two needlessly persists. Addressing this Eurocentric knowledge; disciplinary divide can contribute to closing the . current gap that exists between the creators of and practice of archaeology and heritage, and who knowledge about, and the managers and users of, their intended audiences are; different pasts. It can also encourage a deeper. engagement with the present-day impacts of our engagements with those pasts.

We aim to reimagine the artificial separation Volume 37.1 of the Archaeological Review from editors encourage self- examination and critique should through community engagements, oral histories, codocumentation of cultural practices.

This volume welcomes diverse perspectives to question the Archaeology-Heritage divide across look like in practice and what could it mean for both ARC_notesForContributors.pdf. disciplines? Contributors may wish to explore, but are not limited to, the following topics:

- studies, alongside theoretical Case explorations, that highlight examples of where a mutual engagement of the disciplines has been achieved, as well as instances where their continued separation has been problematised;
- Considerations of the deeply entangled Archaeology and Heritage are often thought of as nature and interdependence of archaeology and heritage and the cross-disciplinary application of
- Archaeology and Heritage needs to be rethought, different spaces, such as the university, tourist/
- mutually constitutive. After all, much of what is How this interrogation of the Archaeologycurrently considered heritage would not be Heritage divide could facilitate a more ethical and understood as such without archaeology itself. In **decolonised study of the past**, and further this sense, both disciplines are the same and while rethink the historic and elitist underpinnings of both both have developed symbiotically, the division disciplines that still prioritise expert Western/
 - Questioning the very purpose of the research
 - Broadening of the scope of archaeological practice to include heritage management in a more central role – and vice versa.

between the two disciplines, pursuing a more Cambridge encourages contributions that explore holistic approach to understanding the past and its these and related topics from an interdisciplinary present(s) – as there are often more than one. The perspective. Abstracts of no more than 250 words submitted be editors from both disciplines to better understand the (archaeologyheritagedivide@gmail.com) before 21 origins, persistence, and future of this division. We May 2021. Applicants are welcome to contact the invite authors to focus and reflect on the ways in editors to further discuss their ideas at the email which heritage and archaeology intersect - e.g. above. If accepted, final papers of no more than 4000 words should be submitted by **30 July 2021**, production of knowledge, and the safeguarding and for publication in May 2022. More information about the Archaeological Review from Cambridge may be found online at http://arc.soc.srcf.net/ contribute.html. Information about submission guidelines, notes for Contributors and Style Guide theory and practice. What can dissolving this border may be found online at https://arc.soc.srcf.net/

CALL FOR PAPERS

The German Institute of Polish Affairs

Call for Workshop Papers

Renaming Public Spaces and Redefining Monuments in Germany and Poland since 1990

Deadline: 17 May 2021

public places or institutions that raise questions of comparatively with the following questions: legitimacy due to historical findings. While the current debate mainly relates to Germany's colonial past, also · How was the place of memory (street name, plaque, discussions concerning dealings with the history of monument, memorial, place of remembrance) national socialism are revived. Finally, phenomena discussed and publicly maintained after 1989/1990? related to the history of the German Democratic • already controversial debates. Various perceptions the consequences? attracted media attention: the renaming of streets or • In which conjunctures did the reappraisal processes even entire cities during communism followed by the take place? Which phases can be observed? (supposedly) quietly executed or so-called premature • renaming in the period immediately after the peaceful understand and differentiate these developments? revolution of 1989/90 – or the lack of it. Dealing with • heritage from the communist era has once again phases and how do the conjunctures in Germany and become a widely perceived question.

In Poland there is a very lively public debate about dealing with national history, which is also - but by no The workshop is planned in two parts in 2021, with a means exclusively - fueled by the importance that the subsequent publication in the next year. The first part current government attaches to history politics. The of the workshop will take place in a digital format, on main historical frame of reference is the Second World 28-29 June 2021. It serves to present the individual War. However, it is becoming increasingly clear how projects and to discuss the state of research and much public historical interpretations of the war and methodological approaches in relation to Poland, the German and Soviet occupations are understood Germany and beyond. The second part of the only in conjunction with the subsequent period of workshop will be organized "live" in person in communism and the dependence on the Soviet Union. Darmstadt, at the German Institute of Polish Affairs, In the past 30 years there have been different phases of on 2-3 December 2021, if possible, after considering 'Denkmalsturz' and renaming public spaces in Poland. the pandemic situation. The individual case studies Since April 2016, on the initiative of the central and the then far advanced texts are discussed and the government, re-coding of public space has been common findings are compiled. The deadline for intensified at regional and local levels. Symbols and submitting the print manuscripts will be 3 January names that the legislature describes as totalitarian are 2022. Conference languages are German and English. prohibited, and this regulation is enforced through administrative means. The catchphrase for this Please apply with an abstract (300 words) and a controversial process, which encompasses a much biographical note until 17 May 2021 to roettjer@dpibroader societal context, is "decommunization".

The German Institute of Polish Affairs is organizing a workshop, funded by the Federal Foundation for the

Study of the Communist Dictatorship in Eastern Germany. The aim of the event is to compare and Transformation of (Post-)Communist Memory. analyze the handling of the symbolic and material legacy of communism in Germany and Poland at the interfaces between critical reappraisal, memory and history politics. For this purpose, both Polish and German case studies of the post-communist dealings with street names, monuments and other forms of In the course of the last two years attention in many public commemoration from the time of communism German municipalities was drawn to the names of are to be collected, documented and discussed

- Why were reinterpretations made, why did they not Republic are examined, often leading to renegotiating take place or fail? Who were the key players? What are

 - What categories and terms can be designed to
 - Are there common developments and comparable Poland differ over the last 30 years, which turning points and trends can be identified?

da.de. You will receive confirmation of acceptance of your presentation as soon as possible.

OPPORTUNITIES

Archaeologist

Museum of London, Archaeology

Hours: Full-time, fixed term Salary: Starting from £21,013 Application Deadline: 30 April 2021, 23:59 (BST)

We are looking for individuals, potentially available for immediate starts, with ideally at least three months' experience in UK commercial archaeology, although relevant European commercial experience will also be considered.

We have a number of large and exciting projects across the East of England, the Midlands and beyond. Most projects are based within commuting distance of Northampton, for which transport is provided from our Northampton offices to and from site, including paid time for drivers. Significant due Oxfordshire. are to start Cambridgeshire Warwickshire. and When conditions allow for or projects further away highquality accommodation and subsistence is provided during the week. Away work should be considered a normal part of this role.

As one of the largest independent archaeological organisations in the UK we can offer a wide range of interesting, exciting and challenging projects, of all types and periods. Recent highlights of works undertaken by our Northampton office have included a waterlogged Anglo-Saxon cemetery with preserved coffins, Neolithic burials, a causewayed enclosure, extensive Iron Age and Roman settlements and part of a medieval manorial complex.

The following criteria are essential:

- Interest in and knowledge of British archaeology
- CSCS card (ideally Academically Qualified Person or Professionally Qualified Person) or willingness to acquire one
- Use of or knowledge of archaeological recording systems
- Experience of archaeological fieldwork

- Ability to carry out prolonged manual work in an outdoor environment in all weather
- Good organisational skills
- Good communication skills, and ability to work positively as part of a team
- Ability to work under pressure
- An understanding and appreciation of diversity in the workplace

The following criteria are desirable:

- Degree in archaeology or equivalent experience
- Driving licence and willingness to drive company vehicles
- Membership of the Chartered Institute of Archaeologists (CIfA)
- Experience of commercial archaeological fieldwork
- Experience of working in urban, rural and/or infrastructure construction environments
- Ability to work without close supervision
- Use of Microsoft Office packages

For further information and to apply to this post, please visit:

https://mola.current-vacancies.com/Jobs/ Advert/2134418?cid=2033&t=Archaeologist

OPPORTUNITIES

Project Supervisor

Museum of London, Archaeology

Hours: Full-time, permanent Salary: £24,088 to £26,138 (dependent on experience) Application Deadline: 30 April 2021, 23:59 (BST)

MOLA is continuing to grow at a fast pace and we are looking to recruit suitably qualified people for the role of Project Supervisor on permanent contracts to be based from the Northampton office. We have a number of varied and exciting projects of all scales due to start imminently as well as in major infrastructure schemes. Our expertise is being sought across infrastructure, residential and commercial developments across the central, eastern and southern counties.

We are looking for dynamic, motivated and experienced individuals to be a part of a highly successful team. MOLA have a policy of mentoring and training staff at all levels in order to develop individual capability and enhance career prospects, with opportunities for internal advancement and promotion, as well as developing specialist skills.

The Project Supervisor will have sole responsibility for small-medium sized projects primarily involving fieldwork, post-fieldwork analysis, reporting and publication. These include excavations, evaluations, survey work and building recording. They will also contribute to larger scale schemes as part of a team led by a Project Officer, being responsible for specific areas or tasks within the archaeological team.

The successful candidate will have proven extensive and relevant experience within commercial archaeology. They will have good prioritising and organisational skills with an ability to work to fixed timescales and deadlines. They will be able to provide evidence of clarity in both written and spoken communication and be able to liaise effectively with colleagues, clients, and planning archaeologists.

For further details on this post and to apply, please visit: https://mola.current-vacancies.com/Jobs/Advert/2134407?cid=2033&t=Project-Supervisor

Conservator (Archaeology)

Museum of London, London Wall

Hours: Full-time, fixed term Salary: £27,773 per annum Application Deadline: 26 April 2021, 23:59 (BST)

We have an exciting, temporary role available for an archaeological conservator to become part of our core team of conservators to undertake practical conservation, give conservation advice and work on current projects and exhibitions.

Previous experience of working with archaeological objects is required and given the technical skills and knowledge required for this role, a degree or equivalent practical experience in conservation is

also needed. We are also looking for someone who has experience of working independently, with good communication and organisational skills.

For more information about this role, please see the Job Description. To know more about what it's like to work in the Museum of London and to get some top tips on how to make the best of your application visit: https://www.museumoflondon.org.uk/about-us/jobs

The closing date for applications is **Monday 26 April 2021.** Successful candidates will be invited to an interview on **Tuesday 11 May 2021**.

For further information, please visit:

https://bit.ly/3wHmZEz

OPPORTUNITIES

British Institute at Ankara Grants and Opportunities

Closing Date: 28 April 2021

The British Institute at Ankara supports, enables and encourages research in Turkey and the Black Sea region Their BIAA Study Grant (up to£2,000) https:// in a wide range of fields including but not limited to biaa.ac.uk/opportunities/item/name/biaa-study-grant? archaeology, ancient and modern history, heritage open-calls management, social sciences and contemporary issues in BIAA Research Grant (up to £5,000) https://biaa.ac.uk/ public policy and political sciences. The Institute opportunities/item/name/biaa-research-grant?openwelcomes applications for projects that address at least calls biaa.ac.uk/research/sri:

- Cultural heritage, society and economy in Turkey
- * Interconnections of peace and conflict: culture, politics a
- Climate change and the environment calls Habitat and Settlement in prehistoric, historical and contemporary

There are opportunities across the full career spectrum. The BIAA are currently welcoming applications for:

one of the BIAA's Strategic Research Initiatives https:// and BIAA Large Research Grant (up to £20,000) https:// biaa.ac.uk/opportunities/item/name/biaa-large-grant? open-calls

Migration, minorities and regional identities Candidates that have recently been awarded a PhD from UK Higher Education and institutions in national, regional, and international invited to apply for BIAA Postdoctoral Research https://biaa.ac.uk/opportunities/item/ Fellowships Anglo-Turkish relations in the twentieth century <u>name/biaa-post-doctoral-fellowships-12-months-1?open-</u>

perspectives For full eligibility requirements and more information Legacy data: using the past for the future visit the BIAA's website https://biaa.ac.uk/opportunitiesgrants/open-calls

PhD Studentship: AHRC CDP grant: London's National Gallery and the 'Centre of Empire' 1824-1924

Birkbeck, University of London Length: 3 years and 9months Closing date: 14 May 2021, 2pm BST

Birkbeck and The National Gallery are pleased to announce a fully funded Collaborative Doctoral The award pays tuition fees up to the value of the full- or Studentship under the AHRC's Collaborative Doctoral part-time home/overseas UKRI rate for PhD degrees. Partnership Scheme from October 2021. The studentship The student is eligible to receive an additional travel and is funded through the AHRC's Collaborative Doctoral research-related expenses grant during the course of the Partnership scheme.

on the origins and development of The National Gallery, patrons since its foundation in 1824. The student will be £2,000/year. expected to spend time at both Birkbeck and The National Gallery and to become an active member of both **Further information:** academic and research communities, as well as belonging to the wider cohort of CDP students across the UK.

The successful candidate will be eligible to participate in (sarah.thomas@bbk.ac.uk) CDP Cohort Development events.

The successful candidate will be jointly supervised by Dr Susanna Avery-Quash (Senior Research Curator, The National Gallery) and Dr Sarah Thomas (Senior Lecturer, History of Art and Museum Studies, Birkbeck).

project courtesy of The National Gallery.

The award pays full maintenance for both Home and This project investigates and maps the impact of empire overseas students. The National Minimum Doctoral Stipend for 2021/22 is £15,609, plus a CDP maintenance focussing on the first century of donors, trustees and payment of £550/year plus London Weighting of

For informal queries, please contact Dr Sarah Thomas

For further details and to apply, visit: https:// bit.ly/3akJhlT

CONTACT US



CONTRIBUTE

We would be especially interested in hearing from you about events and opportunities. Contributions in the form of short reviews of conferences, exhibitions, publications or other events/material that you have attended/read are also welcome. Please note that advertisements for any non-HRG events, jobs, or programs do not imply endorsement of them.

SUBSCRIBE

If you would like to be added to our mailing list to receive our bulletin, or if you have a notice to post, please contact the editors (heritage-bulletin@arch.cam.ac.uk). For more information about the Heritage Research Group, visit the CHRC website:

www.heritage.arch.cam.ac.uk

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